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FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. APPLICATION NO. 03/03/2005 FE 6048 (US) 5823 10/526,656 Luigi Resconi EXAMINER 34872 7590 03/30/2006 BASELL USA INC. LEE, RIP A INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY PAPER NUMBER ART UNIT 912 APPLETON ROAD ELKTON, MD 21921 1713

DATE MAILED: 03/30/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		10/526,65	6	RESCONI ET AL.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit	
		Rip A. Lee		1713	
Period fo	- The MAILING DATE of this communic r Reply	cation appears on the	cover sheet with the	e correspondence ad	ldress
A SHO WHIC - Exten after 6 - If NO - Failur Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MASSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication for reply is specified above, the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply epply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DATE OF TH of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no evenunication. tutory period will apply and will will, by statute, cause the appl	IS COMMUNICATI nt, however, may a reply be I expire SIX (6) MONTHS fr cation to become ABANDO	ON. timely filed om the mailing date of this control (35 U.S.C. § 133)	
Status					
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed	d on			
,—	•	b) This action is n	on-final.		
3)					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims				•
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the a	pplication.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected.					
-	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	. •	•		
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	tion and/or election re	equirement.		
Applicati	on Papers			•	
9)□	The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.			•
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
•	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119	· ·		•	
		for foreign priority up	der 35 II S.C. & 119	9(a)-(d) or (f)	
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:					
	1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority	documents have bee	n received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
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Attachmer	at(s)		_		
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	OTO 048)	4) Interview Summ Paper No(s)/Ma		
3) 🔯 Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or er No(s)/Mail Date <u>04-26-2005</u> .			nal Patent Application (P	ГО-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 1, 3-7, and 11-13 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-6 of copending Application No. 10/479,328. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because of the following reasons.

The present claims are drawn to a process for polymerizing ethylene and 0.1-99 mole % of a-olefin in the presence of a catalyst comprised of metallocene and aluminoxane. The bridged group 4 metallocene complex contains at least one thiapentalene ring having an aryl substituent at the 3-position of the heterocyclic ring, and substituent R^1 and R^6 of the carbocylic rings are not hydrogen. The complex may also contain a mixed ring system, in which case, the other π -ligand is a 4-aryl substituted indenyl ligand in which substituent R^6 is not hydrogen.

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Claims 1-6 of the copending application are drawn to a process for polymerizing 1-butene and 0-20 mole % of ethylene in the presence of a catalyst comprising a metallocene and aluminoxane. The metallocene is a bridged bisthiapentalene complex containing an aryl substituent at the 3-position of the heterocyclic ring, and substituents corresponding R^1/R^6 of the carbocylic rings are a substituent of formula CH_2R^1 .

The transition metal component and type of polyolefin produced in both sets of claims are essentially the same. The present claims are generic to the instant claims in that they also include mixed ring metallocenes. As such, the claims of the instant application are generic to, *i.e.*, fully encompass, the claims of the copending application, and therefore, the claims of the instant application are anticipated by the claims of the copending application.

3. Claims 1-8 and 11-13 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 6-8 of copending Application No. 10/496,253. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because of the following reasons.

Claims 6-8 of the copending application are drawn to a process for polymerizing at least 50 wt % of propylene and one or more alpha olefins in the presence of a catalyst comprising a metallocene and aluminoxane. The metallocene is a bridged bisthiapentalene complex containing an aryl substituent at the 3-position of the heterocyclic ring wherein substituent R¹ is not hydrogen (structure (II)), or the metallocene is a mixed ring complex containing a thiapentalene ligand and a 4-arylindenyl ligand (structure (III)). The catalyst further contains an organoaluminum, and it may be supported on an inert support.

The transition metal component and type of polyolefin produced in both sets of claims are essentially the same. As such, the claims of the instant application are generic to, *i.e.*, fully encompass, the claims of the copending application, and therefore, the claims of the instant application are anticipated by the claims of the copending application.

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4. Claims 9 and 10 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims of copending Application No. 10/496,253 in view of Schottek *et al.* (U.S. 6,469,114).

The claims of the copending application do not list the type of support material, and the only requisite is that the support be inert. Schottek *et al.* discloses polymerization of olefins using catalysts containing similar thiapentalene-based metallocenes. Here, the inventors teach that a polyolefin is a suitable inert carrier for these polymerization processes (col. 18, line 67 and col. 19, lines 61-65). One having ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to use the polyolefin supports disclosed in Schottek *et al.* because these materials are disclosed to be sufficiently inert and therefore useful for polymerization processes. The claims of the copending application do not recite a gas phase process, however, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to use gas phase conditions with a supported catalyst, especially in light of the fact that Schottek *et al.* clearly discloses gas phase reaction conditions (col. 35, lines 36-39).

These are <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejections because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Information Disclosure Statement

5. Foreign references on page 4 of the IDS were not considered because the documents could not be retrieved. Please check the patent numbers and resubmit another IDS with the correct patent numbers for consideration.

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The prior art made of record but not relied upon is considered pertinent to the Applicant's disclosure. The following references relate to polymerization processes using catalysts containing bisthiapentalene and mixed ring thiapentalene/indenyl transition metal complexes. The aryl substituted thiapentalene complexes of the instant invention are not made obvious over the teachings of these patents.

Schottek *et al.* (U.S. 6,469,114) Schottek *et al.* (U.S. 6,627,764) Schottek *et al.* (U.S. 2003/0013913)

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Rip A. Lee whose telephone number is (571)272-1104. The examiner can be reached on Monday through Friday from 9:00 AM - 5:00 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Wu, can be reached at (571)272-1114. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571)273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on the access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll free).

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March 27, 2006

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